HISTORY

The introduction of invasive species into the U.S. has increased as result of the global commerce, causing major ecological disturbance and economic losses to agriculture, homeowners, and land managers. Invasive species usually lack of their natural enemies, consequently, specific natural enemies released in the U.S. can restore the ecological balance. The successful implementation of this technique produces self-sustaining and biologically based management technologies to control invasive pests.

The South American Biological Control Laboratory (SABCL) was settled in Argentina in 1962 to study the insects to control alligator weed in the US. The success achieved in the reduction of this weed by three insects from Argentina motivated the start of a second project, Waterhyacinth. Several insects were released and are now in many tropical places around the world to control Waterhyacinth.

In total, SABCL has worked with 43 targets and more than 200 natural enemies. At present, projects include weed and insect pests in the US, Australia and South Africa. Current US cooperators are located in Gainesville, Ft. Lauderdale and Tallahassee, FL, Albany, CA, Beltsville, MD, and Hilo, HI. So far, 23 organisms for biocontrol have been developed or codeveloped at SABCL and field released. Other organisms are still under quarantine conditions. Administratively, SABCL reports to the USDA-ARS-National Program Staff, Beltsville, MD.

MISSION

Find, evaluate, and ship to the US and/or other cooperator country biological control agents against selected pests. Provide guidance and logistic support to scientists conducting research in Argentina. Act as liaison with agricultural research agencies and universities for detecting areas of potential cooperative work. Report and publish the results of the investigations.



ARS TARGETS

Waterhyacinth Eichhornia crassipes

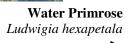






Brazilian Water Weed

Egeria densa







Waterlettuce Pistia stratiotes

Imported Fire Ants Solenopsis invicta S. richteri





Cactus moth Cactoblastis cactorum





NON ARS TARGETS

Cabomba caroliniana, Alternanthera philoxeroides, Phyla canescens, Parkinsonia aculeata (CSIRO, Australia); Cardiospermum grandiflorum, Campuloclinium macrocephalum, Chromolaena odorata, Anredera cordifolia (PPRI, Sudáfrica).

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BENEFICIAL ORGANISMS DEVELOPED at SABCL and THEIR TARGETS

1- RELEASED

Agasicles hygrophila, alligator weed, 1964 Aminothrips andersonii, alligator weed, 1967 Orthogalumna terebrantis, waterhyacinth, 1968 Arcolla malloi, alligator weed, 1971 Neochetina eichorniae, waterhyacinth, 1972 Neochetina bruchi, waterhyacinth, 1974 Niphograpta albiguttalis, waterhyacinth, 1977 Disonycha argentinensis, alligator weed, 1980 Xubida infusella, waterhyacinth, 1982 Neohydronomus affinis, waterlettuce, 1982 Heilipodus ventralis, snakeweed, 1988 Ontherus sulcator, dung, 1992 Gromphas lacordairei, dung, 1992 Penthobruchus germaini, retama, 1995 Thelohania solenopsae, imported fire ants, 1996 Evippe sp., mesquite, 1998 Prosopidopsilla flava, mesquite, 1998 Pseudacteon curvatus I, imported fire ants, 2000 Pseudacteon curvatus II, imported fire ants, 2000 Pseudacteon tricuspis, imported fire ants, 2003 Gratiana boliviana, tropical soda apple, 2003 Pseudacteon litoralis, imported fire ants, 2004 Pseudacteon obtusus, imported fire ants, 2008

2- IN QUARANTINE

Clinodiplosis alternantherae, alligator weed, Brisbane, Australia Vairimorpha invictae, imported fire ants, Gainesville, FL Gonatocerus spp., glassy-winged sharpshooter, Riverside, CA Megamelus scutellaris, waterhyacinth, Ft. Lauderdale, FL Coelocephalapion gandolfoi, mesquite, Pretoria, South Africa Apocnemidophorus blandus, Brazilian peppertree, UF Gainesville, FL Chlorosteymon simaethis, balloon vine, Pretoria, South Africa Cissoanthonomus tuberculipennis, balloon vine, Pretoria, South Africa Liothrips sp., pompom weed, Hilton, South Africa Cochylis n.sp., pompom weed, Hilton, South Africa Adaina sp. pompom weed, Hilton, South Africa Pseudacteon nocens, imported fire ants, Gainesville, FL Pseudacteon cultellatus, imported fire ants, Gainesville, FL Hydrotimetes natans, fanwort, Brisbane, Australia Thrypticus truncatus, waterhyacinth, Ft. Lauderdale, FL Taosa sp., waterhyacinth, Ft. Lauderdale, FL Systena nitentula, alligator weed, Brisbane, Australia



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE



HURLINGHAM BUENOS AIRES ARGENTINA

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